## Novelda Sinuous-Antenna

## Technical Data

Antenna Type:
Frequency Range: Opening Angle:

## Gain:

Polarisation: Impedance: VSWR:
Max. Power: Size:

Connector:

2-Arm Sinuous $6.00-8.50 \mathrm{GHz}$
typ. $65^{\circ}$ (Vertical) $\times 85^{\circ}$ (Horizontal)
Connector on right side
typ. 6.0 dBi
Linear
$50 \Omega$, unbalanced
typ. < 2.1:1
1W EIRP
$45 \times 45 \times 14 \mathrm{~mm}$
without connector
SMA


## Measurements

The following picture shows Antenna Gain in dBi (red) and Returnloss in dB (blue). The green marked area is the recommended operating frequency range for this antenna:


## Novelda Sinuous-Antenna

Radiation pattern was measured in an anechoic chamber at a frequency of 7.25 GHz . The blue curve shows the vertical pattern, the red curve the horizontal one (SMA connector is located on the right side). Radiation pattern is only displayed from $0^{\circ}$ to $180^{\circ}$ (no backscattering).

Antenna Pattern Sinuous-Antenna


## Dielectric Lens

A dielectric lens can be mounted on the antenna to narrow the radiation pattern. The 4 screws on the topside of the antenna have to be replaced by (longer) $\mathrm{M} 3 \times 16$ ones. The plastic lens is mounted with 6 mm spacers on top of the antenna. The lens increases the total gain to about 6.7 dBi and the opening angle is reduced to typ. $40^{\circ}$ (Vertical) $\times 35^{\circ}$ (Horizontal).

The following picture shows the plastic lens:


## Novelda Sinuous-Antenna

The radiation pattern was measured at a frequency of 7.25 GHz . The blue curve shows the vertical pattern, the red curve the horizontal one (SMA connector is located on the right side). Radiation pattern is only displayed from $0^{\circ}$ to $180^{\circ}$ (no backscattering).

## Antenna Pattern Sinuous-Antenna with Lens



## History

Author: Léon Audergon, RFbeam Microwave GmbH, CH-9008 St. Gallen
Date:
Revision:
Changes: Dielectric Lens added

